TOREX GOLD RESOURCES INC.

Mandate of the Board of Directors

Purpose

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Torex Gold Resources Inc. (the "Corporation") is responsible for the supervision of the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation. The Board should manage the responsibilities and obligations set out below, either directly or through committees of the Board, currently consisting of the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, the Safety and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and the Technical Committee. The Board will, however, retain the oversight function and ultimate responsibility for the supervision of the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation.

Composition

- 1. The Board should consist of individuals who possess skills and competencies in areas that are relevant to the business and affairs of the Corporation. At least two-thirds of the directors will be "independent" directors within the meaning of applicable securities laws, instruments, rules and policies and regulatory requirements (collectively "Applicable Laws").
- 2. The directors of the Corporation will be elected at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation and shall serve until no longer than the close of the next annual meeting of shareholders, subject to re-election thereat.

Meetings

- 3. The Board shall have at least four regularly scheduled meetings in each financial year of the Corporation.
- 4. The Chairman of the Board (the "Chairman"), the President and Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") and the Lead Director of the Board (the "Lead Director"), if any, are responsible for the agenda for each meeting of the Board. Prior to each Board meeting, the Chairman and the CEO should discuss agenda items for the meeting with the Lead Director, if any. Materials for each meeting should be distributed to the Board in advance of the meeting.
- 5. Directors are expected to attend at least three quarters of all meetings of the Board held in each financial year of the Corporation and to adequately review meeting materials in advance of each meeting.
- 6. The independent directors (in this context, meaning directors who are not also senior officers or are not independent within the meaning of Applicable Laws) should hold an *in camera* session without the non-independent directors and any senior officers present at each meeting of the Board, unless such a session is not considered necessary by the independent directors present. The Chairman, if independent, and if not independent, the Lead Director if any, should chair the *in camera* sessions.

Board Committees

7. The Board may appoint such committees from time to time as it considers appropriate. Each permanent committee shall have a mandate that is approved by the Board, setting out the responsibilities of, and the extent of the powers delegated to, such committee by the Board.

Responsibilities

Oversight of Management and the Board

- 8. The Board is responsible for the appointment, and replacement, of senior officers of the Corporation. The Board should ensure that appropriate succession planning, including the appointment, training and monitoring of the senior officers and members of the Board, is in place.
- 9. The Board is responsible for satisfying itself as to the integrity of the CEO and the other senior officers and that the CEO and the other senior officers create a culture of integrity throughout the Corporation.
- 10. The Board should annually consider what additional skills and competencies would be helpful to the Board, with the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee being responsible for identifying specific candidates for consideration for appointment to the Board.
- 11. If the Chairman is not independent within the meaning of Applicable Laws and a Lead Director is required, or is considered desirable by the Board, the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee will recommend a candidate for the position of Lead Director from among the independent members of the Board. The Board will be responsible for appointing the Lead Director.
- 12. Through the Compensation Committee, the Board should review the compensation of directors to ensure that the compensation realistically reflects the responsibilities and risks involved in being an effective director and should review the compensation of the Senior Executives (as defined in the Compensation Committee Mandate) to ensure that it is competitive within the industry and that the form of compensation aligns the interests of each senior officer with those of the Corporation. Any recommended changes in the compensation of the directors and/or the compensation of the Senior Executives shall be submitted to the Board for consideration.
- 13. The Board should review and assess, or delegate such review and assessment to an appropriate committee of the Board, the policies (the "Policies") of the Corporation previously approved by the Board, from time to time, including without limitation: (a) the Code of Conduct and Business Ethics; (b) Whistleblower Policy; (c) Disclosure Policy; (d) Insider Trading Policy; (e) Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy; (f) Majority Voting Policy; (g) Share Ownership Policy; (h) Diversity Policy; (i) Mandatory Retirement Policy; (j) Say on Pay Advisory Vote Policy; (k) Clawback of Incentive Compensation Policy; (l) the Monetary Authority Policy; and (m) the Hedging Policy. If such review and assessment is delegated to a committee of the Board, such committee shall submit any proposed amendments to a Policy to the Board for consideration.
- 14. The Board should act in an advisory capacity to the senior officers of the Corporation in all matters concerning the interests and management of the Corporation.

Financial Matters

- 15. The Board is responsible for reviewing the financial and underlying operational performance of the Corporation.
- 16. The Board should review and approve the annual audited financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, press release and other financial information related to such annual audited financial statements, budgets and forecasts, annual information form and management information circular of the Corporation.
- 17. The Board delegates to the Audit Committee the review and approval of the quarterly unaudited financial statements, the management's discussion and analysis and press release and other financial disclosure related thereto. If requested by the Audit Committee, the Board should review and approve the quarterly unaudited financial statements and the management's discussion and analysis, press release and other financial disclosure related thereto.
- 18. The Board should annually review, together with the Audit Committee, the directors' and officers' third-party liability insurance, and other insurance, of the Corporation.
- 19. The Board, primarily through the Audit Committee, should monitor and ensure the integrity of the internal controls and procedures (including adequate management information systems) within the Corporation and the financial reporting procedures of the Corporation.
- 20. The Board is responsible for considering, and if established, reviewing from time to time, a dividend policy for the Corporation.

Business Strategy

- 21. The Board has primary responsibility for the strategic direction of the Corporation, including the long-range and short-range goals, plans and policies of the Corporation. The Board will provide advice, counsel and mentorship to the CEO with respect to matters of strategic significance and will contribute to the development of the strategic direction of the Corporation by approving, at least annually, a strategic plan and budget developed and proposed by the senior officers, subject to any changes required by the Board. The strategic plan and budget should take into account the business opportunities and business risks of the Corporation. The Board will review with the senior officers from time to time the strategic planning environment, the emergence of new opportunities, trends and risks and the implications of these factors on the strategic direction of the Corporation. The Board will review and approve the financial objectives, plans and actions of the Corporation, including significant capital allocations and expenditures.
- 22. The Board is responsible for ensuring that procedures are in place to appropriately manage the principal business risks of the Corporation.
- 23. The Board should monitor corporate performance against the approved strategic plan and budget, including assessing operating results, to evaluate whether the business of the Corporation is being appropriately managed.
- 24. The Board is responsible for reviewing and approving all material transactions affecting the Corporation not contemplated in the strategic plan and budget approved by the Board.

Communications and Reporting to Shareholders

- 25. The Board is responsible for overseeing the continuous disclosure program of the Corporation, with a view to satisfying itself that adequate procedures are in place to ensure that material information is disclosed in accordance with Applicable Laws.
- 26. The Board will ensure that the Corporation has a disclosure policy which includes a framework for investor relations and public disclosure.

Corporate Governance

- 27. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee will recommend, and the Board will establish, the Board's approach to corporate governance.
- 28. The Board is responsible for assessing annually its own effectiveness in fulfilling this mandate and shall assess from time to time this mandate, as well as the mandate of each committee (considering, among other things, the recommendations of the applicable committee).
- 29. The Board is responsible for evaluating the relevant relationships of each independent director and is required to make an affirmative decision that any such relationship does not preclude a determination that the director is independent within the meaning of Applicable Laws.
- 30. The Board is responsible for ensuring the establishment of appropriate standards of corporate conduct and should ensure that adequate procedures are in place to monitor compliance with the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics of the Corporation. Only the Board may grant waivers of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics which would be to the benefit of any director or senior officer.

General

- 31. The Board is responsible for performing such other functions as are prescribed by law, including all Applicable Laws.
- 32. The Board may at any time retain outside financial, legal or other advisors at the expense of the Corporation. Any director may, subject to the approval of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, retain an outside financial, legal or other advisor at the expense of the Corporation.
- 33. Except in exceptional circumstances, draft minutes of each meeting of the Board shall be circulated to the Board for review within 14 days of the date of such meeting.

Feedback

34. The Board welcomes input and comments from shareholders of the Corporation relating to this mandate. Such input and comments may be sent to the Board at the head office address of the Corporation.